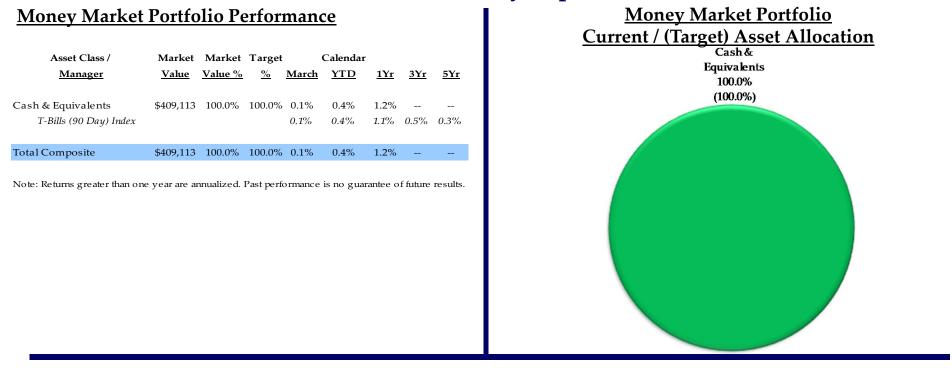
Manager Performance Summary

<u>Asset Class / Manager</u>	<u>March</u>	<u>YTD</u>	<u>1Yr</u>	<u>3Yr</u>	<u>5Yr</u>
Domestic Equity					
	-2.0%	-0.6%	13.9%	10.2%	13.0%
Vanguard Total Stock Market Idx Adm					
S&P 500 Index	-2.5%	-0.8%	14.0%	10.8%	13.3%
LCG Large Cap Core Universe Average	-2.2%	-1.1%	12.6%	14.0%	11.3%
International Equity					
Dodge & Cox International Stock	-2.8%	-2.1%	11.0%	3.8%	7.3%
Harding Loevner International Eq Instl	0.0%	0.9%	19.2%	8.9%	8.3%
EAFE Index (in US Dollar (Net)	-1.8%	-1.5%	14.8%	5.6%	6.5%
LCG International Equity Universe Average	-0.8%	-0.6%	16.2%	6.1%	6.6%
Fixed Income					
Dodge & Cox Income	0.2%	-0.9%	2.2%	2.3%	2.8%
Western Asset Total Return Uncons I	0.4%	-0.8%	5.0%	3.9%	3.0%
Barclays Aggregate Bond Index	0.6%	-1.5%	1.2%	1.2%	1.8%
LCG Fixed Income-Core (Interm) Universe Average	0.3%	-1.3%	1.6%	1.7%	2.0%
Cash & Equivalents					
, Texas Capital Bank Money Market Account	0.1%	0.4%	1.2%		
T-Bills (90 Day) Index	0.1%	0.4%	1.1%	0.5%	0.3%
LCG Money Market Taxable Universe Average	0.1%	0.3%	0.8%	0.3%	0.2%

Note: Returns greater than one year are annualized. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Performance shown is net of investment fees and has been backfilled with the managers' historical performance for illustrative purposes.

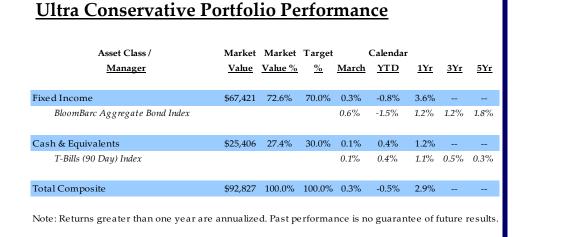


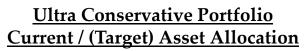
Monthly Market Commentary

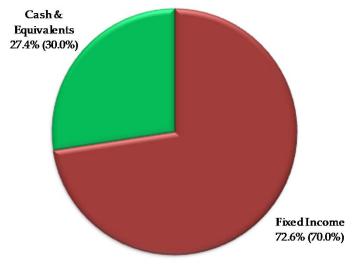
Domestically, U.S. equities declined during the month amid fears of increased regulatory oversight, specifically in the technology sector, and increased rhetoric suggesting a global trade war could be looming. Total nonfarm payroll employment rose 103,000 in March; the unemployment rate was unchanged at 4.1%. Inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index was positive for the month. For the fourth quarter, the U.S. Real GDP third estimate released by the Bureau of Economic Analysis was revised upwards, increasing at an annual rate of 2.9%.

International equities were also negative during March as the Trump administration proposed levies on steel, aluminum and certain Chinese imports. European currencies strengthened against the U.S. Dollar with the European Central Bank dropping its commitment to quantitative easing, highlighting improving outlook. Developed international and emerging markets declined by 1.9% and 1.8%, respectively.

The Money Market Portfolio returned +0.1% during March.







Monthly Market Commentary

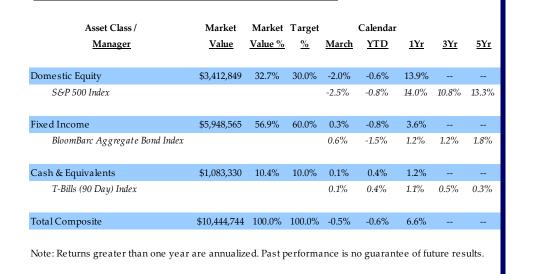
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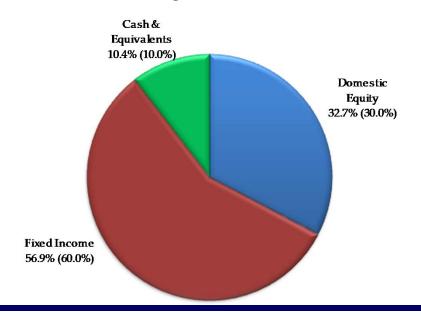
The Ultra Conservative Portfolio's Fixed Income allocation returned 30 bps in March, underperforming its benchmark by 30 bps.

The Cash & Equivalents composite returned +0.1% during the month.

The Total Composite gained 30 bps in March.



<u>Conservative Portfolio</u> Current / (Target) Asset Allocation



Monthly Market Commentary

Conservative Portfolio Performance

Domestically, U.S. equities declined during the month amid fears of increased regulatory oversight, specifically in the technology sector, and increased rhetoric suggesting a global trade war could be looming. Total nonfarm payroll employment rose 103,000 in March; the unemployment rate was unchanged at 4.1%. Inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index was positive for the month. For the fourth quarter, the U.S. Real GDP third estimate released by the Bureau of Economic Analysis was revised upwards, increasing at an annual rate of 2.9%.

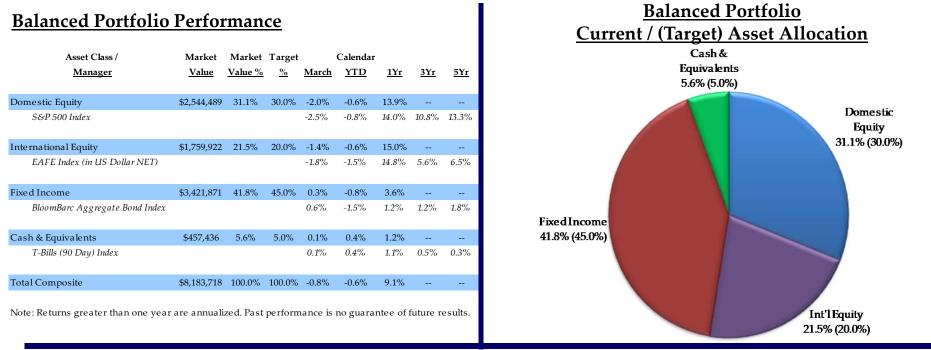
International equities were also negative during March as the Trump administration proposed levies on steel, aluminum and certain Chinese imports. European currencies strengthened against the U.S. Dollar with the European Central Bank dropping its commitment to quantitative easing, highlighting improving outlook. Developed international and emerging markets declined by 1.9% and 1.8%, respectively.

The Domestic Equity composite outperformed its benchmark during March by 50 bps (-2.0% vs. -2.5%).

The Conservative Portfolio's Fixed Income allocation returned 30 bps in March, lagging its benchmark by 30 bps.

The Cash & Equivalents composite returned +0.1% during the month.

The Total Composite lost 50 bps during March, driven by the Domestic Equity allocation.



Monthly Market Commentary

Domestically, U.S. equities declined during the month amid fears of increased regulatory oversight, specifically in the technology sector, and increased rhetoric suggesting a global trade war could be looming. Total nonfarm payroll employment rose 103,000 in March; the unemployment rate was unchanged at 4.1%. Inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index was positive for the month. For the fourth quarter, the U.S. Real GDP third estimate released by the Bureau of Economic Analysis was revised upwards, increasing at an annual rate of 2.9%.

International equities were also negative during March as the Trump administration proposed levies on steel, aluminum and certain Chinese imports. European currencies strengthened against the U.S. Dollar with the European Central Bank dropping its commitment to quantitative easing, highlighting improving outlook. Developed international and emerging markets declined by 1.9% and 1.8%, respectively.

The Domestic Equity composite outperformed its benchmark during March by 50 bps (-2.0% vs. -2.5%).

The International Equity allocation outperformed its benchmark during the month (-1.4% vs. -1.8%).

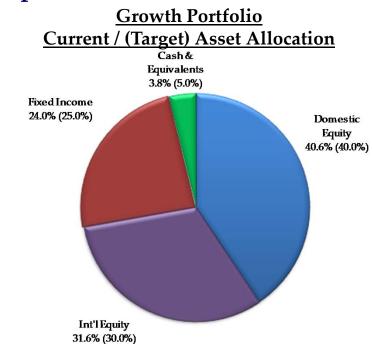
The Balanced Portfolio's Fixed Income allocation returned 30 bps in March, lagging its benchmark by 30 bps.

The Cash & Equivalents composite returned +0.1% during the month.

The Total Composite lost 80 bps during March, driven by the Domestic and International Equity allocations.

Growth Portfolio Performance

Asset Class /	Market	Market	Target		Calendar					
Manager	Value	Value %	<u>%</u>	<u>March</u>	<u>YTD</u>	<u>1Yr</u>	<u>3Yr</u>	<u>5Yr</u>		
Domestic Equity	\$15,410,287	40.6%	40.0%	-2.0%	-0.6%	13.9%				
S&P 500 Index				-2.5%	-0.8%	14.0%	10.8%	13.3%		
International Equity	\$12,008,259	31.6%	30.0%	-1.4%	-0.6%	15.1%				
EAFE Index (in US Dollar NET)				-1.8%	-1.5%	14.8%	5.6%	6.5%		
Fixed Income	\$9,102,383	24.0%	25.0%	0.3%	-0.8%	3.6%				
BloomBarc Aggregate Bond Index				0.6%	-1.5%	1.2%	1.2%	1.8%		
Cash & Equivalents	\$1,450,782	3.8%	5.0%	0.1%	0.4%	1.2%				
T-Bills (90 Day) Index				0.1%	0.4%	1.1%	0.5%	0.3%		
Total Composite	\$37,971,711	100.0%	100.0%	-1.2%	-0.5%	11.4%				
Note: Returns greater than one year are annualized. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.										



Monthly Market Commentary

Domestically, U.S. equities declined during the month amid fears of increased regulatory oversight, specifically in the technology sector, and increased rhetoric suggesting a global trade war could be looming. Total nonfarm payroll employment rose 103,000 in March; the unemployment rate was unchanged at 4.1%. Inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index was positive for the month. For the fourth quarter, the U.S. Real GDP third estimate released by the Bureau of Economic Analysis was revised upwards, increasing at an annual rate of 2.9%.

International equities were also negative during March as the Trump administration proposed levies on steel, aluminum and certain Chinese imports. European currencies strengthened against the U.S. Dollar with the European Central Bank dropping its commitment to quantitative easing, highlighting improving outlook. Developed international and emerging markets declined by 1.9% and 1.8%, respectively.

The Domestic Equity composite outperformed its benchmark during March by 50 bps (-2.0% vs. -2.5%).

The International Equity allocation outperformed its benchmark during the month (-1.4% vs. -1.8%).

The Growth Portfolio's Fixed Income allocation returned 30 bps in March, lagging its benchmark by 30 bps.

The Cash & Equivalents composite returned +0.1% during the month.

The Total Composite lost 120 bps during March, driven by the Domestic and International Equity allocations.